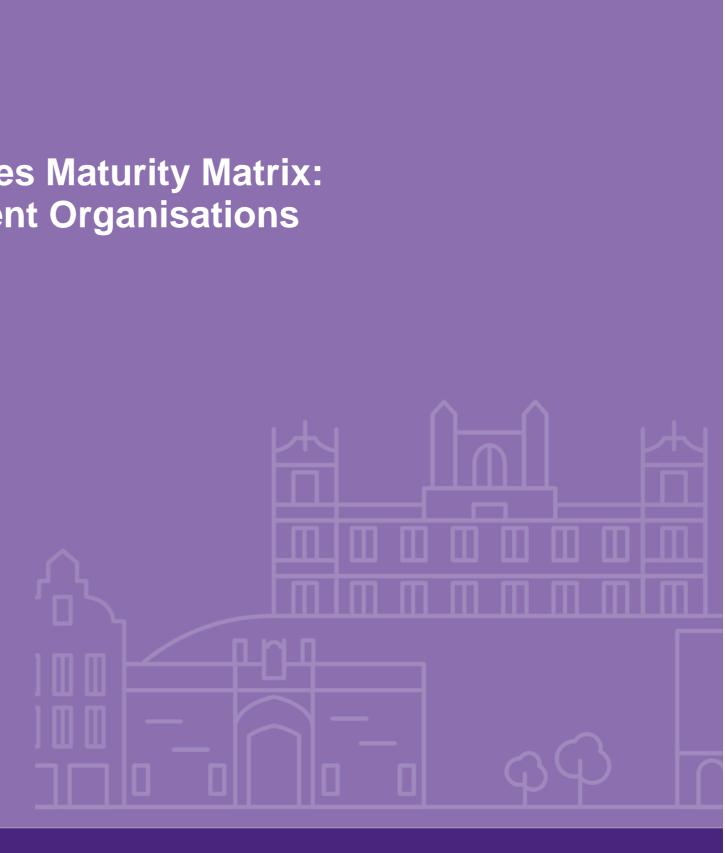




Race Health Inequities Maturity Matrix: Culturally Competent Organisations









PBP Race Health Inequities Maturity Matrix: Culturally Competent Organisations

Principle	Emerging	Developing	Maturing	
Community Engagement	There is limited meaningful engagement with minority ethnic communities. People from minority ethnic communities are not routinely involved in the development of priorities or co- design of services. Communication assets are general and not specific to minority ethnic communities. When people from minority ethnic communities are consulted, they are not always aware of the outcome of their involvement.	 Processes are in place to engage with people from minority ethnic communities in the design and delivery of programmes with trusted relationships beginning to develop. While communication assets recognise the diversity of the population there is limited input from minority ethnic communities in the design process. Engagement with minority ethnic consultation focused but there is limited involvement from minority ethnic communities to agree measures or outcomes. Consultation / engagement feedback is given but steps are not yet being taken to 	 Forums for seeking and acting on the views of people from minority ethnic communities are embedded in co-design and delivery processes. Minority ethnic citizens are actively involved and contribute to decision making. People from minority ethnic communities are regularly involved in the co-design of communication assets at the beginning of the project / campaign / service design process. People from minority ethnic communities are regularly involved in the design of consultation / engagement materials and some autonomy given to communities to design the output. Consultation / engagement feedback is tailored to some minority ethnic communities. 	Peop routi and populestal rang partr Ther com peop Peop deleg com mate
		tailor this to different minority ethnic communities		is pro
Principle	Emerging	Developing	Maturing	
Inclusive Decision Making	There is limited cultural diversity in decision making forums restricting divergent thinking and the gathering of collective intelligence to inform decision making.	There is some cultural diversity in decision making forums encouraging divergent thinking, however this is not leading to addressing outcomes and challenges faced by minority ethnic communities.	There is strong representation from minority ethnic communities, supporting diversity of thought and the inclusion of multiple perspectives.	Cultu colle in de diver pers
(Divergent approaches and collective intelligence)	There is limited coproduction and meaningful engagement with people from minority ethnic communities in decision making.	There is some coproduction and engagement with people from minority ethnic communities in decision making.	Collective intelligence is welcomed providing capacity for change but not proactively sought. Regular coproduction and meaningful engagement with minority ethnic communities is taking place to inform decision making.	Colle syste for th Ther mea com
Principle	Emerging	Developing	Maturing	
Representative Workforce	Compared with the local population the workforce has very limited representation from minority ethnic communities at all levels. Legislative based equality and	Compared with the local population the workforce has good representation from minority ethnic communities at some levels, however this is not reflected in senior leadership structures. In addition to legislative based equality and	Compared with the local population the workforce has good representation at most levels in the organisation, including in senior leadership structures. A clear strategy is in place for addressing under- representation throughout the organisation.	Com work An e enco recru profe
	diversity training is provided.	diversity training, targeted interventions are based on the organisations current level of cultural awareness.	Comprehensive training for the workforce is provided in addition to legislative based equality and diversity training.	com in lea
Principle	Emerging	Developing	Maturing	

When using the term 'minority ethnic' it should be recognised this is not a homogenous group.

Thriving

ople from minority ethnic communities are utinely involved and engaged in the design d delivery of services to meet the needs of pulation groups / cohorts. There are tablished links and relationships with a nge of community groups and regular rtnership working is taking place.

ere is open and active two-way mmunication between the organisation and ople from minority ethnic communities. ople from minority ethnic communities are powered with the resources and the legated responsibility to design mmunication and engagement assets and aterials.

Insultation / engagement feedback is lored to a range of different minority ethnic mmunities and feedback on the outcomes provided via diverse formats & platforms.

Thriving

Iturally diverse, divergent thinking and lective intelligence is consistently present decision making forums, providing robust rersity of thought and inclusion of multiple rspectives.

Ilective intelligence is embraced and stematically used enabling, lasting change the purpose of solving societal issues.

ere is consistent coproduction and eaningful engagement with minority ethnic mmunities with delegated decision making. Thriving

ompared with the local population the orkforce is representative at all levels.

embedded holistic approach which compasses the key components of cruitment, retention, training and ofessional development of different mmunities is consistently applied, resulting leading with inclusivity.

Thriving

Equality Impact Assessment (EIA)	 People from minority ethnic communities are considered as a homogeneous group. The focus of the EIA is predominantly on access to services, without taking into consideration experience and outcomes. There is no focus or very little focus on the impact on diverse communities, with the assessment made on the population as a whole. Limited intelligence from diverse communities (through evidence and engagement) is applied to inform the EIA. The EIA is a 'one-off' exercise 	People from minority ethnic communities are considered as a homogeneous group however the EIA identifies geographical locations where there is high representation from minority ethnic groups. The focus of the EIA is on experience of services as well as access. There is an acknowledgement of the different needs of minority ethnic communities relevant to geographical communities. Where a negative impact is identified this is taken into consideration with mitigating actions identified as appropriate. Some intelligence from diverse communities (through evidence and engagement) is applied to inform the EIA. The EIA is conducted at the start of the	 ix: Culturally Competent Org People from minority ethnic communities are not considered as a homogeneous group. The EIA takes into account the impact on individual minority ethnic groups. Recognition is given to differential factors in relation to access, experience, and outcomes of different minority ethnic communities. Due consideration is given to the impact on ethnic groups and communities that reside in different geographical locations Nottingham and Nottinghamshire. A range of intelligence from diverse communities (through evidence and engagement) is applied to inform the EIA. The EIA is reviewed at different stages of the process. 	Col unc acc Col gro inte acr Eng info incl rela A c dive eng
Principle	undertaken at the end of a process. Emerging	process. Developing	Maturing	cor
Accountable Leadership	Leaders talk about cultural intelligence on occasion, making some effort to canvass views but avoid difficult messages. The existence of structural racism is recognised and commitments are made to change existing power relations and the structural factors that compound and sustain race health Inequalities. Leaders acknowledge that service delivery should account for differing beliefs, values, attitudes, behaviours and experiences of different minority ethnic groups.	There is an understanding among leaders for the need to improve cultural intelligence and acknowledgement of work needed to create the right environment for cultural diversity to actively inform the organisation's operations and processes. Some steps have been taken to address structural racism, to change existing power relations and the structural factors that compound and sustain race health lnequalities. Steps have been taken within some departments/services to ensure that adjustments are made for differing beliefs, values, attitudes, behaviours and experiences of different minority ethnic groups. There are some visible role models at a senior level.	 There is a clear understanding and ownership among leaders to improve cultural intelligence, with clear change agents and a plan to increase competence. Leaders are actively talking about structural racism, challenging power relations and the structural factors that compound and sustain race health Inequalities Leaders understand the structural causes and effect of health inequalities in most groups. Leaders are taking active steps to ensure the wider workforce have a good understanding of differing beliefs, values, attitudes, behaviours and experiences of different minority ethnic groups. There are multiple visible role models at a senior level. 	Lea inte The cult Lea cha cha sus Lea cult the dep ma attii diff

Developing

Maturing

When using the term 'minority ethnic' it should be recognised this is not a homogenous group.

Emerging

Principle

nisations

onsideration of impact includes an iderstanding of individual ethnic groups, cognising differential factors in relation to ccess, experience and outcomes.

onsideration is given to the different ethnic oups and communities, plus clear terpretation of impact of intersectionality cross other protected characteristics.

ngagement with different ethnic groups has formed the EIA, through a process that also cludes regular and ongoing feedback in lation to access, experience and outcomes.

comprehensive range of intelligence from verse communities (through evidence and gagement) is applied to inform the EIA.

he EIA is an iterative process with ongoing logagement and reflection through to mpletion/implementation and review.

Thriving

eaders consistently demonstrate cultural telligence in all aspects of their leadership. ney work to create the right environment of iltural diversity to inform the organisation.

eaders have taken tangible actions to allenge power relations and have made anges to structures and processes that ere previously seen to be compounding and astaining race health inequalities.

eaders have embedded the importance of ultural intelligence into the workforce and ere are tangible examples across epartments/services of adjustments being ade to respond to differing beliefs, values, titudes, behaviours and experiences of fferent minority ethnic groups.

ne senior leadership team are all visible role odels.

Thriving

Principle	Emerging	Developing	Maturing	
		A workforce containing skilled individuals who are able to review evidence. Workforce has basic abilities to critically appraise evidence.		A hig and in sourc produ
Data and Evidence	A workforce with limited skills in interpreting evidence	routine. - Largely reactive responding to re- commissioning needs or other requests with limited remit	individually linked datasets. A skilled workforce able to interpret and infer actions from a range of evidence sources.	- 'Live multip - Proa
	sharing governance. Data usage: Used for contract monitoring only.	Data usage: Some reports that combine data from multiple service areas. - Reports created ad hoc rather than as	 Stand-alone, static reports rather than 'live' dashboards. Reports available for all local stakeholders and refreshed in a timely manner. Some proactive work but limited by lack of 	intelli - Link of da acces
	Development needs with respect staff understanding of data	Staff awareness of governance structures requires improvement.	Data usage: Collation of data from multiple service areas:	Data
	structures but none or few existing data sharing agreements in place.	an equity audit. Minimal data sharing agreements in place.	equity audit. Some data sharing agreements established with local partners.	struct agree flows
	management. Data sharing: Governance	Data sharing: Governance structure that allows some data sharing between organisations to fulfil discrete projects e.g.	Data sharing: Clear and robust governance structure that allows some data sharing between organisations to fulfil discrete projects e.g. an	forma Data
	Collection: High levels of missing or unknown ethnicity data. Data largely focused on process measures and for contract	Collection: Some missing ethnicity data but structures in place to collate data as completely as possible.	Collection: Complete and accurate data reporting across most service areas. Recorded in a format that is user friendly.	Colle repor meas Reco

/ resource allocation is being used to

culturally specific services to meet the

needs of minority ethnic communities.

minority ethnic communities.

respond to known health inequalities in

There is some commissioning/ provision of

allocation is being used to respond to known

Investment in race and culturally specific ethnic

services is given priority but this is more often

health inequalities in minority ethnic

communities.

reactive than proactive.

not responsive to known health

There is limited commissioning/

provision of culturally specific

services to meet the needs of

minority ethnic communities.

inequalities in minority ethnic

communities.

Financial

Investment (to

address health

inequalities in minority ethnic

communities)

nisations

ollection: Complete and accurate data porting across all service areas with agreed easures across system organisations. ecorded in a 'live' or 'frequently updated' mat that is user friendly.

Ita sharing: Clear and robust governance ucture. All required data sharing reements in place to allow meaningful data ws between local partners.

ta usage: Transparent data and actionable elligence. This includes:

inked datasets combining multiple sources data at an individual level to explore links in cess and outcomes across service areas. Live' dashboards to summarise data from altiple sources.

roactive exploratory research.

nighly skilled workforce able to interpret d infer actions from a range of evidence urces. A pro-active strategic approach to oducing evidence.

Thriving

There is a strategic approach to allocating funding / resource allocation to proactively meet the needs of minority ethnic communities.

In addition to the commissioning / provision of culturally specific services, there is evidence of investment in non-culturally specific service to ensure they are flexible to the needs of minority ethnic communities.



^{"Y} PBP Race Health Inequities Maturity Matrix: Culturally Competent Organisations

Impact a assessment	Definition An equality impact assessment (EIA) is an evidence-based approach designed to help organisations ensure that their policies, practices, e are fair and do not present barriers to participation or disadvantage any protected groups from participation. This covers both strategic and
	Application within the Maturity Matrix: Ensures the impact assessment recognises differential factors in relation to access, outcomes and experience. Intersectionality across the production across different ethnicities has informed the EIA.
	Diversity of thought and the inclusion of multiple perspectives is required to break current patterns of thinking and behaviour. Communication in the second s
C (Divergent	Collective intelligence is the process by which a large group of individuals gather and share their knowledge, data and skills for the purpose
approaches A	Application within the Maturity Matrix: Divergent thinking and collective intelligence is consistently used, providing robust diversity of thought and the inclusion of multiple perspec
Community C	Community engagement is a way of developing a working relationship between public bodies (such as local councils) and community group mean that both groups can understand and act on the needs or issues of community experiences, helping to achieve positive change.
	Application within the Maturity Matrix: People from minority ethnic communities are routinely involved and engaged in the design and delivery of services to meet the needs of po
	When the organisation represents its community, it is likely that it will have more experience in engaging with its community.
	Application within the Maturity Matrix: The workforce is fully representative at all levels throughout the organisation of the diverse ethnic communities.
	Leaders demonstrate cultural intelligence in all aspects of their leadership and are accountable for the impact of this in the organisation.
	Application within the Maturity Matrix: Leaders embody the desired values and able to create a culturally competent, just and fair culture and are accountable for the impact of thi
	Data and evidence is used to understand the landscape identify opportunities and allow evidence based interventions.
C	Application within the Maturity Matrix: Complete and accurate data reporting across all service areas with agreed measures across system organisations, Clear and robust gover sharing agreements in place to allow meaningful data flows between local partners.
	Investment in race and culturally specific services is prioritised, with partners pooling/aligning funding to support delivery, based on mappin
investment in addressing A Health	Application within the Maturity Matrix:
Inequalities in F MINORITY a	Funding / resource allocation is consistently used to respond to the needs of MINORITY ETHNIC communities. Commissioning / service pla agreed within the organisation, to ensure cultural provisions for MINORITY ETHNIC service users. Where additional funding is required, the and direct them to effectively meet need of MINORITY ETHNIC communities.
	Meaningful partnership engagement with community and service users when commissioning, designing, delivering and/or assessing servic

events and decision-making processes nd operational activities. e protected characteristics and that coation can help foster relationships and that might otherwise be absent. se of solving societal issues. ectives to provide opportunity for change. oups. Good community engagement will population groups / cohorts. this in the organisation. ernance structure. All required data bing and analysis of current resources. plans are extensive, routine, and formally there is strategic intent to secure funds rices and support and improve outcomes.